## Optical transport networks and Al

Built for AI, powered by AI



Al traffic as a driver for optical network growth

How to build optical networks for AI

# Is your optical network ready for Al-driven workloads?

Network operators are adding more graphics processing units (GPUs) to their data centers to keep pace with the performance demands of artificial intelligence (AI) applications. These GPUs are often clustered in multiple locations that must then be linked. While optical transport remains the best technology for interconnections, the need to support fast, efficient data transport across many locations adds new layers of complexity for operators.

Automation is essential for reducing the effort involved in designing, scaling, deploying and managing the massive numbers of interconnections required for AI. And automation powered by AI has the potential to augment the intelligence of the network to make interconnect operations more productive and improve the user experience for network operators. This paper explores how AI impacts optical networks. It also explains how AI can support innovative network automation that helps operators deliver efficient, secure, intelligent and scalable interconnect transport solutions that meet the demands of a world soon to be driven by AI.

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## Introduction

As interest in artificial intelligence (AI), machine learning (ML) and generative AI (GenAI) grows, many network operators are outfitting their data centers with compute resources—such as graphics processing units (GPUs)—that will accelerate the parallel computations required by classic AI methods (such as neural networks) and large language model (LLM)-based GenAI.

The computational tasks and performance requirements of a GPU cluster depend on node size, because larger nodes require more GPUs, memory and storage. However, the GPUs may not all be located together. If GPU cluster nodes span multiple racks, multiple floors of a building or geographically dispersed data centers, their locations need to be linked.

Optical transport provides an ideal method for interconnecting GPU clusters. Operators can support these interconnections using pointto-point connections, but it's more likely the

data will need to traverse multiple locations across amplified or reconfigurable optical adddrop multiplexer (ROADM)-based line systems.

Multi-location interconnection increases complexity for network operators. They need to manage the interconnections to ensure they comply with the strict requirements of the GPU clusters while maintaining their performance to ensure they operate efficiently in a distributed, clustered manner. Automation can help reduce the complexity involved in designing new connections and then scaling, deploying and managing these networks. As operators introduce automation, they can take advantage of AI to augment the network's intelligence and reduce costs by making their operational practices more productive.



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## Al traffic as a driver for optical network growth

Al-powered applications require significant volumes of data to train classic AI or GenAI models and ensure they can be used productively across industries. Training and tuning these models to improve their accuracy further increases the demand for high-speed optical connectivity, especially as enterprises connect their private data centers to public data centers.

The rise of AI data flows between data centers is a pivotal development. It requires optical transport technology with network automation and management layers that can optimize interconnections, ensure their resiliency, and minimize downtime and data loss. Zero loss is particularly important during AI model training and inferencing.

GPU nodes can be configured to improve connections between server clusters. As data centers adopt these optimized configurations, it increases demand for optical and fiber innovation. These demands extend into optical transport systems that span metro and regional networks, which require network management along with engineering resources to operate these systems through the same management application throughout their lifecycle. Al can play a vital role in helping to manage these networks using automation solutions that can scale optical fiber networks to meet the high processing demands of AI clusters.

### Al's role in today's networks

Al is revolutionizing the optical network lifecycle by enabling networks to predict demand, detect and resolve faults, and optimize routes in real time with minimal human intervention. In other words, AI opens a path towards autonomous networks. Composed of an optical system and software platform, an autonomous network can sense its environment, process that information to **think** about what it senses, and then **act** by choosing the best course of action to achieve specific business objectives.



With high-quality, network-trained data, AI will enhance network automation capabilities by providing predictive analytics, intelligent decision-making and personalized service offerings, creating networks that are not just automated but truly smart.

Automation initiatives are evolving beyond simple robotic-based actions that use scripts or templates to more sophisticated closedloop operations based on abstractions of requirements called intents. For example, intents can identify service-level agreements (SLAs), route-specific policies or geographical service endpoints to allow the underlying system to orchestrate the operations required to achieve business outcomes. Operators can take advantage of intents without requiring expert knowledge of the optical technology.

Operators that adopt intent-based networking can simplify their network operations by eliminating the need to execute complex manual processes to configure network equipment or react to network issues. They can extend this concept by using AI to enable intents through natural language processing or by using AI within the underlying network to fulfill intents while continuously fine-tuning the system to sustain their business outcomes.

Al will play a key role in moving autonomous networks beyond reactive closed-loop

operations. Several standards forums (e.g., MEF, TM Forum) are defining frameworks that describe the functions in which AI technologies can be integrated to enhance network resiliency. These functions include predictive analysis, intelligent decision-making, self-healing, resource optimization, solution reporting and issue resolution. The use of AI to migrate to autonomous networks will take advantage of closed-loop systems already established within network automation. It will, however, continuously feed the knowledge it acquires back into these systems to ensure the goals associated with the intents are achieved.

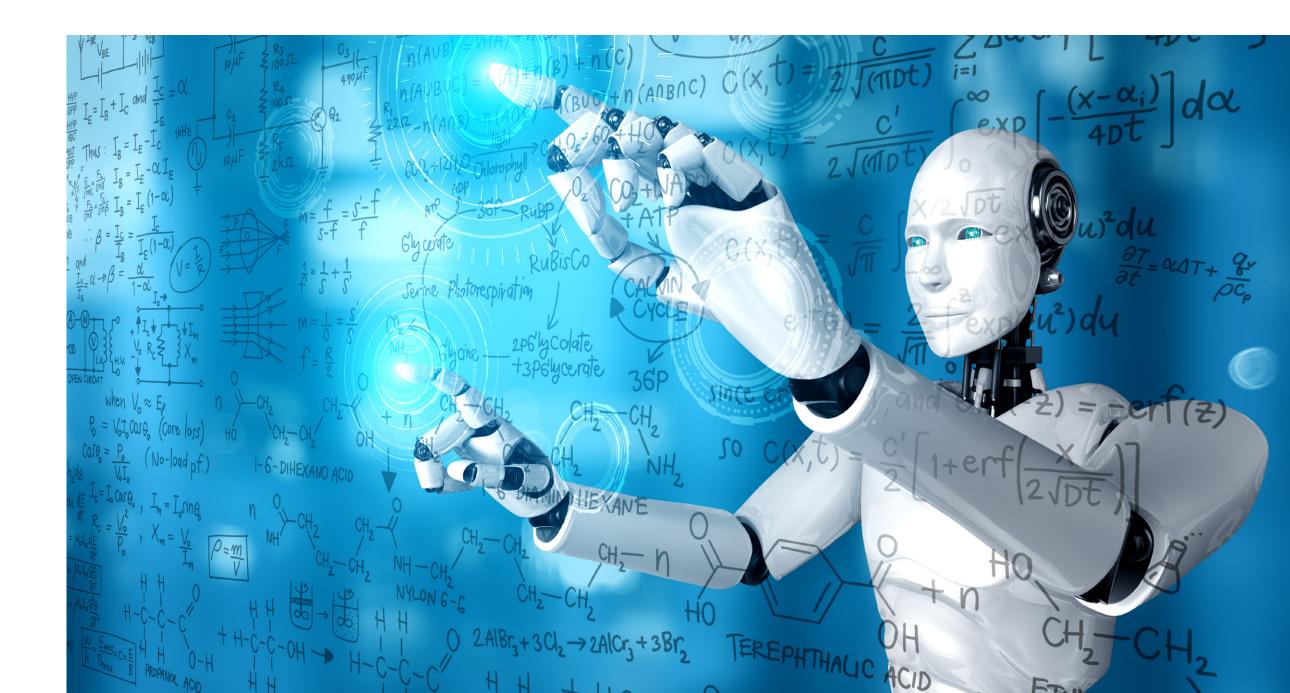
With high-quality, network-trained data, AI will enhance network automation capabilities by providing predictive analytics, intelligent decision-making and personalized service offerings, creating networks that are not just automated but truly smart. AI will discover new patterns from the network through unsupervised learning and address many types of operational use cases that are not currently possible without a lot of expert human involvement.

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## How to build optical networks for Al

Understanding the distances between the data centers that include the GPU servers and the length of the optical fiber that interconnects them is essential for planning and designing an optical transport network. Because LLMs can be split and run on multiple GPUs across different node locations, the high capacity of optical transport makes it an ideal choice for interconnection. However, LLM splitting imposes transport planning constraints and requires optical networking that:

- **Protects in-flight data:** Security is top of mind as the number of AI data centers grows and interconnects increase. Incorporating at-speed encryption within the optical layer as part of a resilient, multilayer defense-in-depth strategy against intrusive threats will be critical for protecting sensitive data used for AI.
- Pursues high-fidelity transmission: Al clusters demand optimal optical performance, including high spectral efficiency, low latency and low energy consumption across various fiber types and link distances.

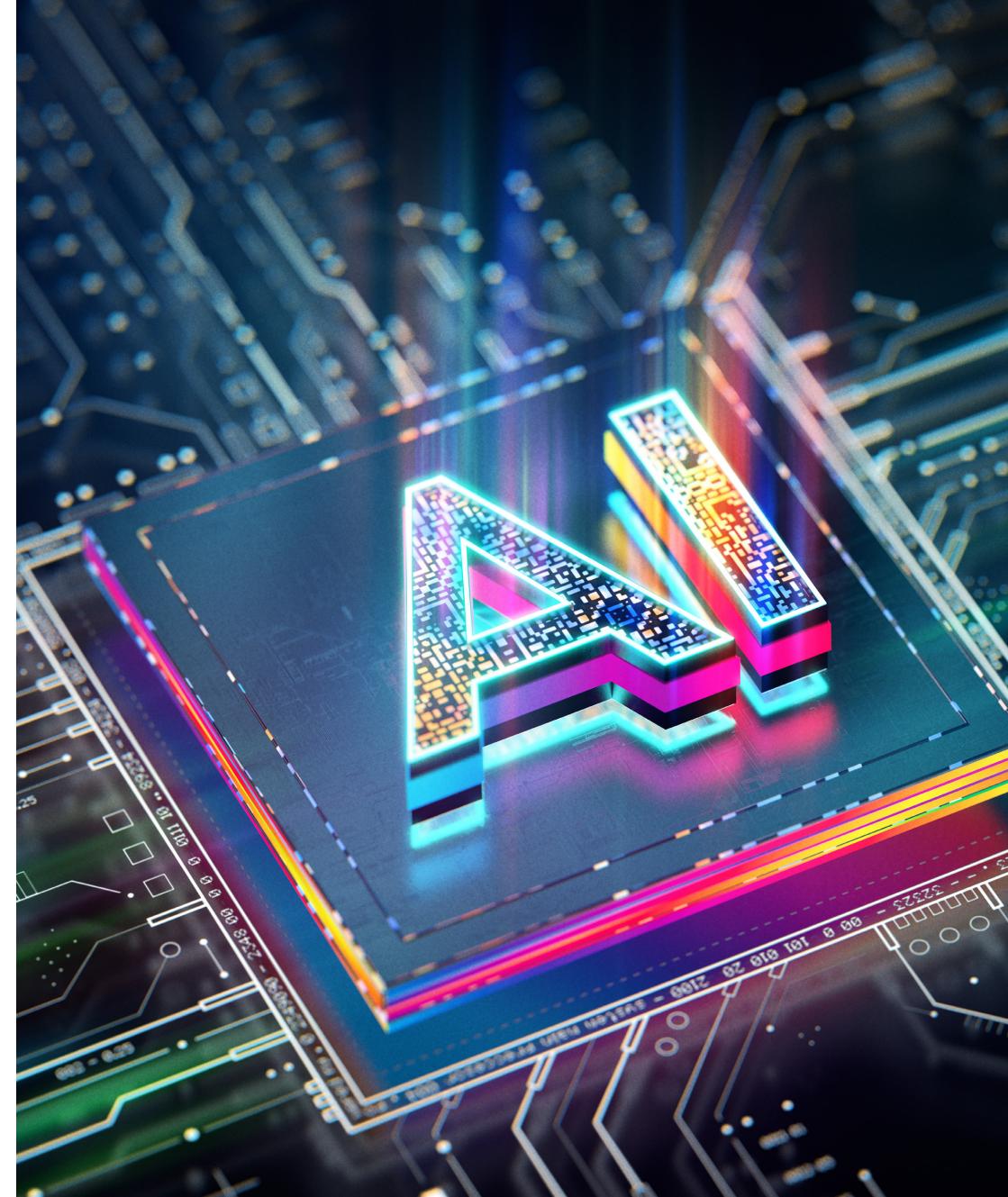
**Delivers resilience and assurance:** Sourcing real-time telemetry key performance indicators (KPIs) from the network lays the groundwork for building autonomous operations that enable optical networks to sense, think and act in response to network events. For example, autonomous networks can sense optical link degradations or failures, understand how they affect network performance and act to restore traffic on alternative routes.

The speed at which optical layer 1/0 service connections are created determines how quickly data centers can implement GPU resources for AI. This, in turn, affects business outcomes for service operators and enterprises. The distribution of data centers across metro, regional and long-haul distances increases the complexity involved in managing networks designed for AI scale, performance and SLAs. Simplifying optical multilayer management and performance monitoring becomes vital for maintaining the efficiency of GPU clusters.

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## Al-assisted optical operations

The optical network lifecycle is made up of several phases, including planning, commissioning, provisioning, assurance, analysis and optimization.

Within each of these phases, there are many types of operations that a network operator must complete, many of which are timeconsuming and error prone. These are areas where the use of AI technology within automation can help simplify operations, including:

• **Optical network design**, which involves creating sites, assigning interconnect rates, span lengths and fiber types, and running feasibility analysis. Al-assisted operations can use a natural language interface to facilitate the design process and improve the user experience. AI can also help network operators optimize optical network performance during the design phase. For example, it can optimize coherent interconnect transmission profiles to achieve the highest capacity without compromising system margins for training or inference cycles.

- Generating the equipment bill of materials and preparing the method of procedure and blueprints required to install and interconnect the network equipment at each site. GenAlassisted operations can make it easier to produce and assemble information and reduce the time required to complete these tasks.
- Configuring and provisioning the network for the optical line system and services between endpoint locations. This requires insights on documentation and interfaces, and often results in operational delays. AI-assisted operations can automatically interact with hardware elements and software systems to set up the network.
- **Tracking performance metrics** within the network on a per-link basis to capture a status of capacity consumption for planners, along with service and node availability for network assurance. AI assisted operations can pull data from various network elements and assemble reports on specific metrics through a single pane of glass which can eliminate "swivel-chair" management.

### **Developing troubleshooting tactics** for resolving issues as they are uncovered while documenting them and training other network operators so they can handle similar issues in the future and gain a better understanding of their own networks. Al-assisted operations can diagnose issues as they arise and offer key recommendations to speed up rootcause analysis and notify key stakeholders.

AI systems can also retain this knowledge for future occurrences.

## Establishing maintenance procedures,

conducting repairs and retuning the network configuration are operations that help optimize performance of the network as it ages or when problems arise. Al-assisted operations can adjust the infrastructure to keep the network at optimal conditions, reduce time to repair and extend network asset lifetimes.

Augmenting the expertise of operators to accelerate end-customer service delivery.

GenAI can help operators streamline processes, make better decisions and simplify onerous tasks. This type of AI requires LLMs that are trained with measured datasets from the network and large volumes of documentation on use cases, faults and actions that cover various types of transport configurations.

 Analyzing vast amounts of real-time network KPI data with predictive AI to mitigate potential disruptions before they impact services, forecast the optical capacity required to support new GPU cluster interconnects or reduce electrical power consumption by placing some interconnects in standby mode when traffic demands are reduced.

Operators can use AI in transport networks to evolve their business, simplify their operations, adhere to strict latency- and performanceaware SLAs for the high-throughput interconnections, and flexibly deploy GPU clusters in multiple locations.

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## Securing optical networks for Al

The rise of data-driven AI applications particularly for sensitive applications such as medicine or finance—demands robust security solutions that will protect in-flight data from physical and quantum-based threats. As enterprises shift to cloud platforms and data centers interconnected for AI workloads, there will be more potential vulnerabilities in optical data transmission. Threats to encryption, such as cryptographically relevant quantum computers (CRQC), and to physical infrastructure, such as eavesdropping, could jeopardize the integrity of the network layers, from applications to the optical transport infrastructure.

An approach that combines optical transponders that adhere to robust encryption standards (such as 256-bit Advanced Encryption Standard) with strong encryption keys (with high entropy, such as classical physics- or quantum-based keys) distributed symmetrically will keep in-flight data safe from potential threat actors as it passes between GPU nodes.

This comprehensive approach enables network operators to build a resilient defense-in-depth framework that includes the optical network domain layer. It also begins their migration to post-quantum cryptography (PQC), which will enable them to safeguard critical infrastructure and digital transformations against quantum threats today and in the future.

### **Overcoming adoption challenges**

While AI brings significant promise to optical

- autonomous optical networks, operators must comply with ethical and regulatory sensitive data and SLAs.
- Al governance policies: Operators must network management, it also introduces ensure that adoption of AI within optical challenges, such as: systems abides by worldwide and countryspecific regulatory frameworks for data • Autonomy and control: In developing fully governance. Providing the necessary insights from AI systems used in automation will allow the algorithms to be monitored, frameworks to avoid unintended impacts on evaluated and updated to prevent flawed or biased decisions as models drift, which can lead to issues with output quality and • **Explainability:** To build trust in AI systems, reliability. Triggering maintenance conditions operators must be able to demonstrate that these systems have clear, explainable that require data sets to be retrained may decision-making processes and minimize be necessary to ensure AI delivers biases present in training datasets. technological innovation with safety.

- Data access: Ensuring access to network KPI data is crucial for training reliable AI models. Post-training, these models must be tested and proven not just effective, but beneficial in real-world deployments.
- **Data integrity and security:** Protecting sensitive data from being harvested and used for malicious purposes is essential, particularly in training AI models.
- **Power-optimized LLMs:** Operators must carefully select the LLMs they use for network automation to reduce the compute resources required for model storage and inference processing. By optimally using low-scale models to cover a larger application space that may not necessarily be used by automation use cases, they can reduce consumption of electrical power. Operators may require efficient use of one or more smaller-scale LLMs to ensure network automation doesn't hinder their pursuit of long-term environmental, social, and governance (ESG) objectives.

## Building networks for Al, using Al, with Nokia

Nokia optical transponders and line systems, powered by Photonic Service Engine (PSE) silicon, provide the foundation for highperformance, quantum-safe optical networks. Managing and optimizing these networks at scale requires intelligent automation.

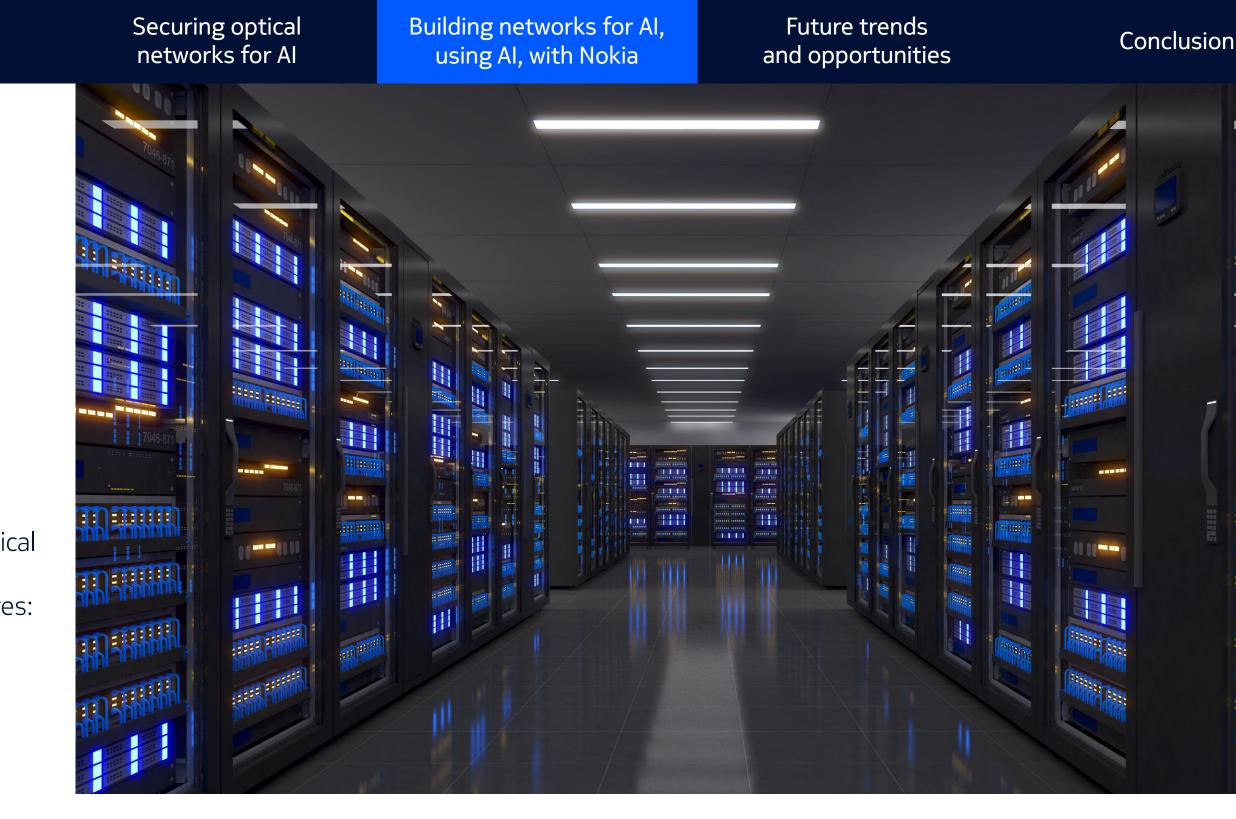
Network operators use Nokia WaveSuite to simplify operations across the entire optical transport lifecycle, taking advantage of Aldriven insights to enhance network planning, streamline operations, and unlock new monetization opportunities. Offering built-in explainable AI, predictive analytics and realtime automation, WaveSuite helps operators accelerate service delivery, optimize network performance and ensure long-term scalability in an era of increasing interconnect complexity.

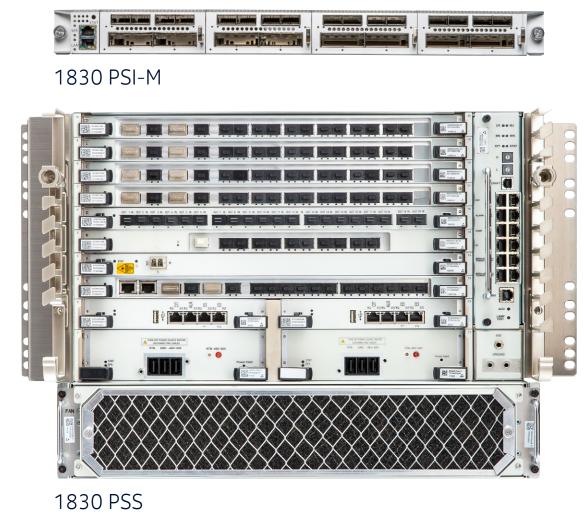
### Industry-leading hardware

Network operators can rely on the Nokia optical transport network portfolio to deliver massive interconnect capacity with exceptional performance, security and spectral efficiency. Powered by an in-house, state-of-the-art optical coherent digital signal processor, PSE silicon and optical line systems, the portfolio ensures:

- High-bandwidth, quantum-safe data encryption
- Optimal optical signal-to-noise ratio performance
- Optical channel power and dispersion management
- Protection and restoration for mission-critical infrastructure.

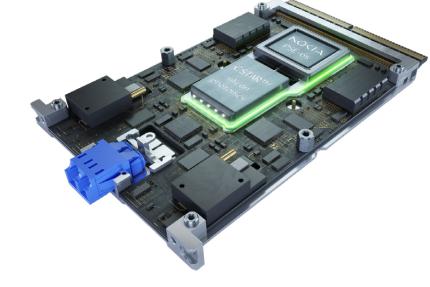
The Nokia 1830 Photonic Service Switch (PSS) family of transponders and line system optical hardware supports high-capacity interconnects throughout the C and L spectral bands, enabling cost-efficient uplinks between data center locations at any distance. To manage the lifecycle of this optical transport network and address the scaling challenges that come along with it, operators need a platform with built-in network automation and intelligence that simplify operations.







1830 SECURE MANAGEMENT SERVER



PHOTONIC SERVICE ENGINE



### **World-class automation software**

Nokia, a global leader in optical network automation technology, offers the WaveSuite automation platform to address key operational challenges across these phases within the transport domain. Built around research by Nokia Bell Labs, the WaveSuite platform integrates AI capabilities designed to improve productivity throughout the lifecycle while making AI explainable to the user to help build trust in the technology.

WaveSuite optical automation addresses the scaling challenges identified above by enabling:

- Efficient and simplified network operations that shorten the time to provision, configure, deploy, and manage optical networks.
- Automated network planning to optimize network resources, ensuring optimal performance between metro, regional or transcontinental data centers.
- Simplified and accelerated service turn-up for new business models—such as GPU as-aservice network slices—through service virtualization and network abstraction to ensure better compliance with GPU interconnection SLAs.

• Trending analytics to proactively plan and schedule maintenance activities and resolve potential faults within the optical network before they impact the interconnection network.

Network operators rely on the WaveSuite network automation platform to improve time to market and reduce capital expenditure. WaveSuite helps ensure their networks deliver the needed bandwidth securely and with performance optimized for interconnect delivery.

Beyond scaling networks to meet new data center interconnect challenges, WaveSuite's capabilities are categorized into four key areas:

- **Manage:** Simplify network planning and scaling to enable secure user access and efficient resource management.
- **Operate:** Streamline capacity upgrades and expand network resources through automated and efficient business processes.
- **Optimize:** Utilize insights from network health KPIs to quickly adapt to changing demands, manage real-time events and ensure maximum service availability.
- **Monetize:** Develop innovative and dynamic service offerings, such as network-as-a-service, to enhance customer satisfaction, adhere to SLAs and accelerate time to market.

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Network operators can take advantage of AI to transform these categories into intelligent, interactive frameworks. This will help them improve operational efficiency and achieve their service delivery goals through AI technologies such as natural language processing (NLP).

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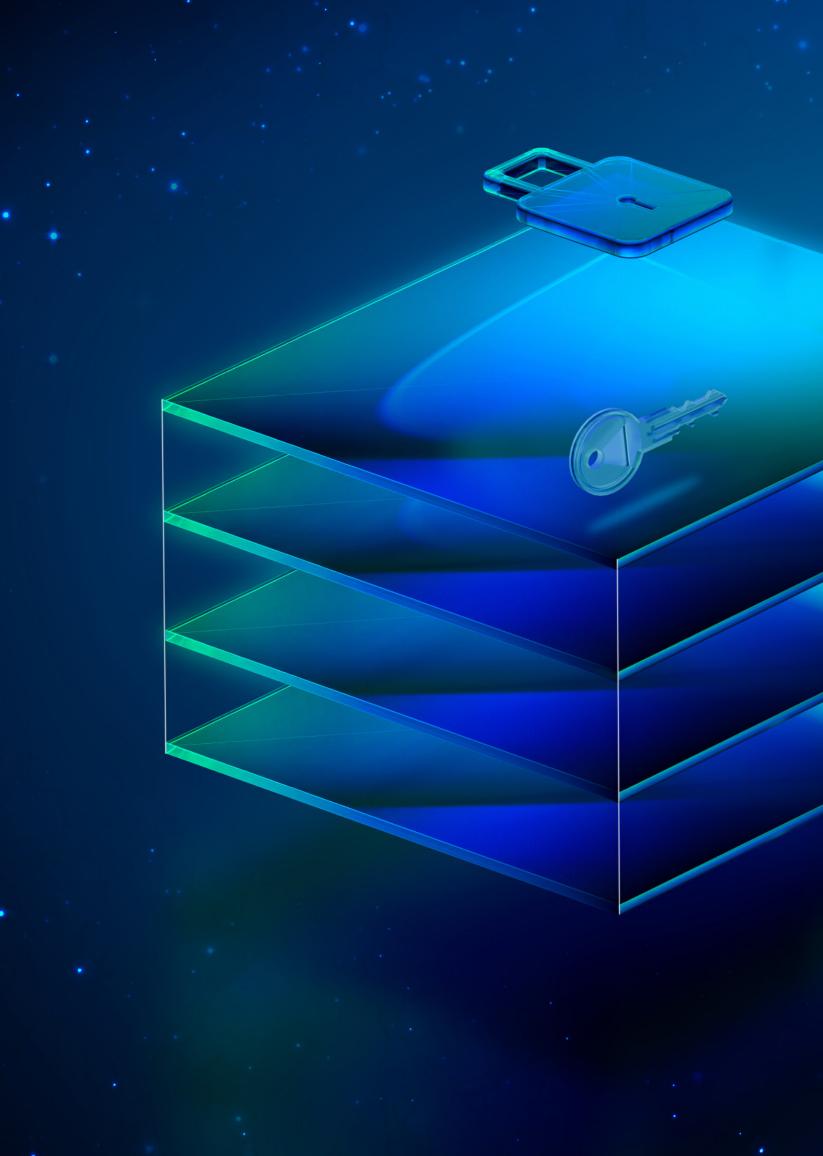
While network operators are focusing on developing, implementing and servicing optical transport networks that can meet the capacity, resiliency, and performance requirements for AI data center interconnects, they can also take advantage of AI technology to support their network operation tasks across the entire network lifecycle. Within WaveSuite, AI will promote the following transport domain operational use cases in each of its framework pillars:

• **Manage:** Use capacity forecasting to support hands-free design, configuration and phased network rollouts. This will enable operators to streamline decision-making and respond to changing conditions in real time.

**Operate:** Enhance knowledge sharing and troubleshooting through NLP-powered guides, live network queries and role-based network management. Trained with embedded documentation, GenAl will enhance the overall user experience and

accelerate root-cause resolution, reducing costs and improving network quality. Further, explainable AI mechanisms will foster trust of the Al-driven recommendations.

- **Optimize:** Employ pattern recognition and fiber sensing to identify and assess network behaviors, detect physical infrastructure threats and mitigate service disruptions before they occur. This will improve SLA adherence and minimize the need for human intervention. AI will complement existing system-level closed-loop operational tasks and reduce energy consumption by identifying standby network equipment and optimal low-energy routes, developing a more sustainable network.
- **Monetize:** Help service operators develop end-subscriber-based, end-to-end optical domain slicing with service-level characteristics tailored for their specific applications. This includes specific connectivity requirements for training and inferencing the LLMs within the GPU cluster.



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Network operators that offer interconnects to clustered GPU nodes can use AI capabilities within the transport domain to upsell performance by automatically reconfiguring service characteristics (e.g., latency, diversity and protection) based on optimized performance. GenAl can generate service intent requests by using natural language expression to expand order fulfillment within the transport domain.

### Securing everything with quantum-safe networks

Nokia Quantum-Safe Networks (QSN) mitigate these risks by incorporating advanced symmetric cryptography and quantum-resistant highentropy key sources into the optical transport layer. These features, powered by Nokia Bell Labs research and Nokia quantum partners, safeguard data against classical and quantum attacks. They also ensure long-term security against future decryption attempts (harvest now, decrypt later scenarios).

### **Overcoming obstacles to AI** in network operations

The Nokia WaveSuite platform addresses concerns with AI adoption—including autonomy and control, explainability, data access, data integrity and security, governance, and power consumption — through advanced methodologies, secure policies and Nokia Bell Labs research. Features such as NLP-based user prompts,

decision-tree insights gleaned from product documentation and role-based controls ensure operators maintain oversight while benefiting from AI-powered automation to improve performance and reduce downtime.

By integrating security best practices and adopting tools such as Nokia Digital Twins and Optical Professional Services to develop business process modelling, WaveSuite supports the transition to trusted and adaptive partial or fully autonomous networks. This enables service providers to build networks that think, sense and act so they can focus on driving business growth rather than managing the network.

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The integration of AI in optical networks will continue to drive advancements and create opportunities across the industry, including areas such as:

- Standards development: Organizations such as the IETF, MEF and TM Forum are drafting proposals to standardize traditional and GenAl integration. Nokia actively contributes to these discussions, ensuring future solutions align with industry needs.
- **Monetization:** GenAl-powered intent-driven optical connectivity driven by operations support system (OSS) integration can enable premium services, such as bandwidth-ondemand, which boost revenues for business-critical applications that require enhanced performance.
- **Predictive intelligence:** Al can facilitate advanced fault detection and event classification, reducing downtime and improving SLA adherence.

- Scaling challenges: As private/public data center interconnects grow, Al network automation can address operational complexities, particularly amid shortages in the skilled workforce.
- Pluggables and IP/optical convergence: As pluggable digital coherent optics (DCOs) deliver higher transmission rates and longer reaches, their use for metro and regional interconnects will grow. This convergence between the IP and optical domains for interconnection will require AI-based network management to provide better coordination and data exchange. AI will also facilitate intentbased human interaction using natural language.
- Energy optimization: Al data centers place large demands on electrical infrastructure. Service providers can use AI to identify and adapt to energy-intensive network hotspots, applying deep learning algorithms and policy-based optimization strategies to minimize impact on the already constrained electrical grid.

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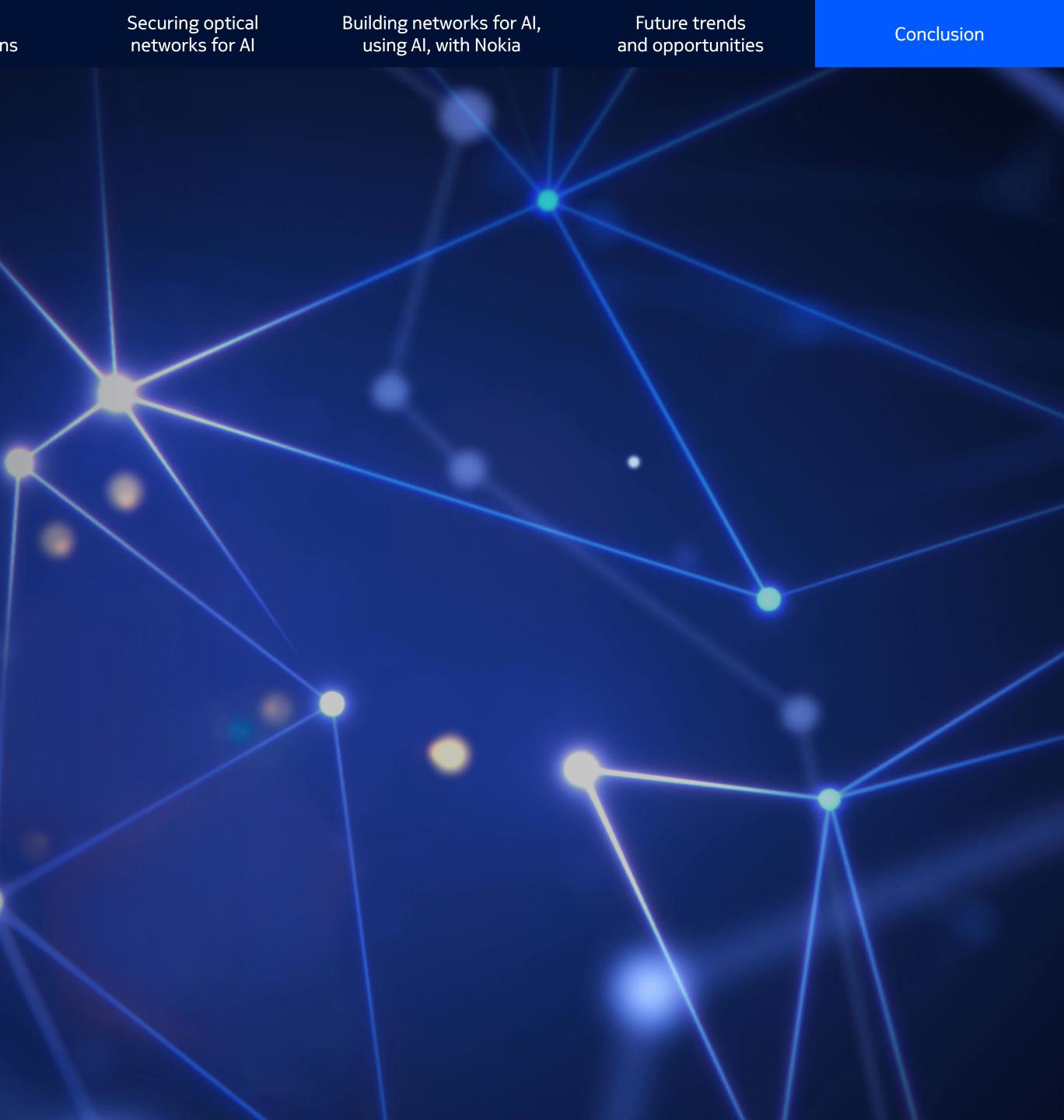
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## Conclusion

Al is a disruptive technology that is changing the way industries work. But it is also a technology that will continue to fuel the rapid growth of the transport network that supports it. With the massive number of optical interconnects required for Al and other high-bandwidth service connections, the transport network can reach unprecedented scales. Network operators need the same technology used within automation to transform the way they interact with and manage the network lifecycle. This technology must also enable them to stay focused on their business objectives over time.

The Nokia optical networking hardware, WaveSuite automation platform, and Optical Professional Services deliver efficient, secure, intelligent, simplified and scalable solutions tailored to AI-driven demands. By adopting these technologies, service providers can unlock new opportunities, enhance productivity, and expand their addressable market reach, all while building trust and ensuring sustainable growth in an increasingly digitally connected world.



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## Abbreviations

AI	artificial intelligence	GPU	graphics processing unit
CRQC	cryptographically relevant quantum computers	IETF	Internet Engineering Task Ford
		KPI	key performance indicator
DCO	digital coherent optic	LLM	large language model
ESG	environmental, social and governance	MEF	Metro Ethernet Forum
GenAl	generative artificial intelligence		
		ML	machine learning

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N	_P natural language	processing	ROADM SLA	reconfigurable optical add	-drop
P	QC post-quantum cr	yptography		multiplexer	
PS	SE Photonic Service	Engine		service-level agreement	
PS	SS Photonic Service		TM Forum	Telemanagement Forum	

quantum-safe networks

QSN

### lusion

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### About Nokia

At Nokia, we create technology that helps the world act together.

As a B2B technology innovation leader, we are pioneering networks that sense, think and act by leveraging our work across mobile, fixed and cloud networks. In addition, we create value with intellectual property and long-term research, led by the award-winning Nokia Bell Labs, which is celebrating 100 years of innovation.

With truly open architectures that seamlessly integrate into any ecosystem, our high-performance networks create new opportunities for monetization and scale. Service providers, enterprises and partners worldwide trust Nokia to deliver secure, reliable and sustainable networks today – and work with us to create the digital services and applications of the future.

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